SENATE BILL No. 12

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 33-2-1-1; IC 33-2.1-2-1.

Synopsis: Composition of Indiana supreme court. Increases the number of justices on the Indiana supreme court from five to seven.

Effective: July 1, 2003.

Bowser

January 7, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.





Introduced

First Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2003)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2002 Regular or Special Session of the General Assembly.

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SENATE BILL No. 12

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A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning courts and court officers.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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SECTION 1. IC 33-2-1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. The supreme court shall consist of five (5) judges, seven (7) justices, any three (3) four (4) of whom shall form a quorum, and shall have jurisdiction in appeals coextensive with the state.

SECTION 2. IC 33-2.1-2-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. Supreme Court. The supreme court shall consist of five (5) judges, seven (7) justices, any three (3) four (4) of whom shall constitute a quorum, and shall have jurisdiction as provided by the Constitution of the State of Indiana.



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